MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Bayer MaterialScience LLC Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs

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TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY

CALL CHEMTREC: INTERNATIONAL:

(800) 424-9300 (703) 527-3887

NON-TRANSPORTATION

Emergency Phone: Information Phone: Call Chemtrec (800) 662-2927

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Material Number: Chemical Family: BAYSEAL CC X 84017524 Polyol System

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Warning Color: Amber Form: liquid Odor: slight, Ether, Amine.

Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapor reduces oxygen available for breathing. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. May cause a temporary fogging of the eyes. When this product is sprayed, a full-face or hood-type supplied air respirator is required. May be harmful if swallowed. May affect nervous system. May cause irregular heartbeat. May cause lung damage. May cause blood disorders. May cause kidney damage. May cause liver damage. May cause adverse reproductive effects.

Potential Health Effects

Primary Routes of Entry:Inhalation, Eye Contact, Skin ContactMedical Conditions Aggravated by
Exposure:Respiratory disorders, Eye disorders, Skin disorders

HUMAN EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

<u>Inhalation</u> Acute Inhalation For Component: Hydrofluorocarbon

Overexposure to vapor may produce dizziness, drowsiness, or nausea. May induce cardiac arrhythmia (irregular heartbeat) in some individuals. Vapor can reduce oxygen available for breathing. May cause respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.

Material Name: BAYSEAL CC X

For Component: Glycol

Inhalation is unlikely due to the low vapor pressure. If misted or handled at elevated temperatures, high concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation.

For Component: <u>Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate</u>

May cause respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.

For Component: Triethanolamine

Inhalation is unlikely due to the low vapor pressure. If misted or handled at elevated temperatures, high concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation.

For Component: <u>Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>

May cause respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose. Overexposure to vapor may produce dizziness, drowsiness, or nausea.

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

Expected to be toxic by inhalation. May cause nervous system effects which can include symptoms of dizziness, incoordination, headache, numbness, and/or confusion.

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u>

Causes respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u>

Causes respiratory tract irritation with symptoms of coughing, sore throat and runny nose.

Chronic Inhalation For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u> May cause lung damage.

<u>Skin</u>

Acute Skin For Component: <u>Hydrofluorocarbon</u> Slightly toxic by skin absorption. May cause slight irritation.

For Component: Glycol

May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening and itching.

For Component: Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate

May cause slight irritation.

For Component: <u>Triethanolamine</u>

May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening and itching.

For Component: <u>Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>

May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening and itching.

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

Toxic by skin absorption. May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening and itching.

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u>

Corrosive with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage.

For Component: Tertiary Amine

Corrosive with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage. Toxic by skin absorption.

Chronic Skin

Material Name: BAYSEAL CC X

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

May cause defatting of the skin with symptoms of dryness and cracking. Chronic exposure may cause symptoms similar to those described in chronic inhalation.

For Component: Tertiary Amine

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis with symptoms of red, itchy, dry skin.

Eye

Acute Eye For Component: <u>Hydrofluorocarbon</u> May cause slight irritation.

For Component: <u>Glycol</u>

May cause slight irritation.

For Component: <u>Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate</u>

Not expected to be irritating.

For Component: Triethanolamine

May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing and stinging.

For Component: <u>Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>

May cause irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing and stinging.

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u>

Corrosive with symptoms of reddening, tearing, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage.

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u>

Vapors can cause temporary corneal edema with symptoms of blurred vision or the appearance of halos around bright objects. Corrosive with symptoms of reddening, tearing, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage.

Chronic Eye

For Component: <u>Tertiary Amine</u> Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

Ingestion

Acute Ingestion

For Component: Glycol

May cause nervous system effects which can include symptoms of dizziness, incoordination, headache, numbness, and/or confusion.

For Component: <u>Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate</u>

May be harmful if swallowed. Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Moderately toxic by ingestion.

For Component: <u>Triethanolamine</u>

Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

For Component: <u>Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>

May be harmful if swallowed.

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

Toxic by ingestion. Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Material Name: BAYSEAL CC X

May cause nervous system effects which can include symptoms of dizziness, incoordination, headache, numbness, and/or confusion.

For Component: Tertiary Amine

May be harmful if swallowed.

For Component: Tertiary Amine

Ingestion and/or vomiting may cause aspiration into the lungs resulting in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs). Corrosive to the digestive tract with symptoms of burning and ulceration.

Chronic Ingestion

For Component: Glycol

Chronic overexposure to this product may cause effects as noted under acute overexposure. May cause kidney damage. Repeated excessive exposures may cause liver or kidney effects If ingested the individual should be observed for signs of numbress, incoordination, headache, and confusion.

For Component: <u>Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate</u>

May cause liver damage. May cause kidney damage.

For Component: Triethanolamine

May cause liver damage. May cause kidney damage.

For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u>

May cause blood disorders. May cause kidney damage. May cause liver damage.

General Effects of Exposure

Acute Effects of Exposure For Component: <u>2-Butoxyethanol</u> Absorption may cause acute toxic effects, specifically damage to red blood cells.

Carcinogenicity:

No Carcinogenic substances as defined by IARC, NTP and/or OSHA

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous components

Weight percent	Components	CAS-No.
5 - 10%	Hydrofluorocarbon	460-73-1
5 - 10%	Glycol	CAS# is a trade secret
5 - 10%	Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate	13674-84-5
3 - 7%	Triethanolamine	102-71-6
1 - 5%	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5
1 - 5%	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2
1 - 5%	Tertiary Amine	CAS# is a trade secret
0.1 - 1%	Tertiary Amine	CAS# is a trade secret

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician immediately.

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Skin contact

In case of skin contact, wash affected areas with soap and water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

If ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

5. Firefighting measures

Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Foam, water spray for large

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Suitable extinguishing media:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Use cold water spray to cool fire-exposed containers to minimize the risk of rupture.

fires.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards

The reaction of this product with polymeric MDI ("A" side) will release heat (e.g., it is an exothermic reaction). Thus, spraying foam too thickly in a single lift, or not allowing sufficient time between lifts, can result in excessive heat generation to the point where the foam may char, smolder or burn. Refer to the appropriate BaySystems technical datasheet for application instructions.

6. Accidental release measures

Spill and Leak Procedures

Evacuate and keep unnecessary people out of spill area. Remove ignition sources. Notify management. Put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate. Contain the spill. Cover spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth) and collect for proper disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Storage temperature:	
minimum:	21.11 °C (70 °F)
maximum:	26.67 °C (80 °F)

Storage period 3 Months

Handling/Storage Precautions

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use. Material is hygroscopic and may absorb small amounts of atmospheric moisture. If contamination with isocyanates is suspected, do not reseal containers. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not get in eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Further Info on Storage Conditions

Store materials between 70°F to 80°F (21°C to 27°C) in a dry and well ventilated area for a minimum of 48

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hours prior to application of material. The transit temperature range is 32° F to 100° F (0° C to 38° C). The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Protect against heat and direct sunlight.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

When this product is heated or spray applied, amine vapors can be released.

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Time Weighted Average (TWA): 5 mg/m3

Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (156-60-5)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

- Time Weighted Average (TWA): 200 ppm
- US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
 - PEL: 200 ppm, 790 mg/m3
- US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Time Weighted Average (TWA): 200 ppm

2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)

- US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Time Weighted Average (TWA): 20 ppm
- US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) PEL: 50 ppm, 240 mg/m3
- US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Skin designation: Can be absorbed through the skin.
- US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Hazard Designation: Group A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures

When handling this product, ventilation of the work area is recommended.

Respiratory protection

<u>When this product is sprayed</u> in combination with polymeric MDI ("A" side), a full-face or hood-type supplied air respirator operated in the positive pressure or continuous flow mode is required. For exterior spray applications where the use of supplied air respiratory protection may create a safety hazard (e.g., roof applications), an air purifying respirator with combination organic vapor/particulate (P100) cartridges may be substituted for a supplied air respirator. When handling the liquid product, particularly if heated or in a confined area, an air purifying respirator with combination organic vapor/particulate (P100) cartridges is recommended. The respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134). When APRs are used, (a) the cartridges must be equipped with end-of-service life indicators (ESLI) certified by NIOSH, or (b) a change out schedule, based on objective information or data that will ensure that the cartridges are changed out before the end of their service life, must be developed and implemented. The basis for the change out schedule must be described in the written respirator program.

Hand protection

<u>When this product is sprayed</u> in combination with polymeric MDI ("A" side), fabric gloves coated in nitrile, neoprene, butyl or PVC are recommended. <u>When handling liquid product</u>, nitrile, neoprene, butyl or PVC gloves are recommended.

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Eye protection

<u>When this product is sprayed</u> in combination with polymeric MDI ("A" side), eye protection will be provided by the full-face or hood-type air supplied respirator as mentioned above in the respiratory protection section. <u>When handling liquid product</u>, chemical safety goggles or safety glasses with side-shields are required.

Skin and body protection

<u>When this product is sprayed</u> in combination with polymeric MDI ("A" side), a disposable full body suit (e.g., Tyvek, Kleenguard, etc.) with attached hood and disposable over-boots are required. <u>When handling liquid product</u>, wear cloth work clothing including long pants and long-sleeved shirts. If the potential for splash to the body exists, impermeable protective clothing is recommended.

Additional Protective Measures

Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product.

9. Physical and chemical properties		
Form:	liquid	
Color:	Amber	
Odor:	slight, Ether, Amine	
pH:	ca. 10	
Flash point:	> 100 °C (212 °F) (closed cup)	
Density:	1.23 g/cm ³	

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. The reaction of this product with polymeric MDI ("A" side) will release heat (e.g., it is an exothermic reaction). Thus, spraying foam too thickly in a single lift, or not allowing sufficient time between lifts, can result in excessive heat generation to the point where the foam may char, smolder or burn. Refer to the appropriate BaySystems technical datasheet for application instructions.

Stability Stable

Materials to avoid Oxidizing agents, Isocyanates

Hazardous decomposition products

By Fire and Thermal Decomposition: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke., Chlorine, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen fluoride, Carbonyl halides, Oxides of phosphorus, Other hazardous decomposition products may be formed.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicity Data for Hydrofluorocarbon Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50: > 200000 ppm, 4 h (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity

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LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (rat)

Skin irritation

rabbit, Non-irritating

Eye irritation rabbit, Mild eye irritation

Sensitisation

non-sensitizer

Repeated dose toxicity

28 d, inhalation: NOAEL: 50,000 ppm, (Rat) 90 d, Inhalation: NOAEL: 2000 ppm, (Rat)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Cytogenetic assay: ambiguous (human lymphocytes, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Ames: negative (Metabolic Activation: with/without) Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Micronucleus Assay: negative (mouse) negative

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested.

Toxicity Data for Glycol

Acute oral toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Lowest lethal dose: 1 ml/kg (Human) (Case Report)

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50: 11.2 l/kg (rabbit)

Skin irritation rabbit, Draize, Slightly irritating

Eye irritation rabbit, Draize, Slightly irritating

Repeated dose toxicity

90 Days, Oral: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg, (Rat,) 6 months, Inhalation: NOAEL: < 0.02 mg/l, (rat,)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: Negative results were reported in various in vitro studies. (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Cytogenetic assay: (hamster,) positive Cytogenetic assay: (hamster,) negative

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility

One generation study, oral, (mouse) NOAEL (parental): 3.5%,

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Fertility and mating indices were decreased. The survival and growth rates were reduced.

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

mouse, oral, NOAEL (maternal): 1,250 mg/kg, Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity.

<u>Toxicity Data for Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate</u> Acute oral toxicity LD50: 632 mg/kg (rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50: > 17,800 mg/l, 1 h (rat, Male/Female) aerosol

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rabbit, Male/Female)

Skin irritation Human, Patch Test, No skin irritation rabbit, No skin irritation

Eye irritation rabbit, slight irritant rabbit, Draize, Exposure Time: 24 h, slight irritant

Sensitisation dermal: non-sensitizer (guinea pig, Maximization Test) dermal: non-sensitizer (Human, Patch Test)

Repeated dose toxicity 90 Days, oral: NOAEL: 36 mg/kg, (Rat, male)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Positive and negative results were reported. Mammalian cell - gene mutation assay: positive (Mouse lymphoma cells (L5178Y/TK), Metabolic Activation: with) Positive and negative results were reported.

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility

Other method, inhalation, daily, (rat, male) Reproductive effects have been observed in animal studies.

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

rat, female, oral, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): > 1%, NOAEL (maternal): > 1% No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested., No fetotoxicity observed at doses tested.

Toxicity Data for Triethanolamine

Acute oral toxicity

LD50: 4,190 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

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Skin irritation

rabbit, Slightly irritating Human, Slightly irritating

Eye irritation

rabbit, Moderately irritating rabbit, Draize, Severely irritating

Sensitisation

dermal: non-sensitizer (Guinea pig, Maximization Test)

Repeated dose toxicity

28 days, inhalation: NOAEL: > 0.5 mg/l, (Rat, Male/Female, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week) 13 weeks, dermal: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg, (rat, Male/Female, daily)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Drosophila SLRL test: negative (Drosophila melanogaster) negative

Carcinogenicity

rat, female, dermal, 2 years, daily, negative mouse, Female, dermal, 2 years, positive Rat, male, dermal, 2 years, ambiguous mouse, male, dermal, 2 years, ambiguous

Nitrosamines may be formed with nitrates or nitrous acid under certain conditions. Nitrosamines have shown carcinogenic effects in animal tests.

<u>Toxicity Data for Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u> Acute oral toxicity

LD50: 1,235 mg/kg (rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50: 24100 ppm, 4 h (rat)

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin irritation

rabbit, Exposure Time: 24 h, Moderately irritating

Eye irritation rabbit, Moderately irritating

Toxicity Data for 2-Butoxyethanol

Acute oral toxicity LD50: 470 mg/kg (rat) LD50: 300 mg/kg (rabbit)

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Acute inhalation toxicity LC50: 2.21 - 2.39 mg/l, 4 h (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: 220 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin irritation rabbit, Draize, Mild skin irritation

Eye irritation rabbit, Draize, Moderately irritating

Sensitisation

dermal: non-sensitizer (Guinea pig, Maximization Test) dermal: non-sensitizer (Human, Patch Test)

Repeated dose toxicity

90 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: 0.121 mg/kg, (Rat, Male/Female, daily) 30 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: < 0.27 mg/kg, (Rat, Male/Female, daily) 90 days, dermal: NOAEL: 150 mg/kg, (rabbit, Male/Female, daily)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro: Ames: Negative results were reported in various in vitro studies. (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without) Genetic Toxicity in Vivo: Micronucleus Assay: negative (mouse,) negative

Carcinogenicity

mouse, Male/Female, inhalation, 2 years, daily, Animal experiments showed a statistically significant number of tumours.

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility

Other method, oral, daily, (Rat, Male/Female) NOAEL (parental): 304 mg/kg, Reproductive effects have been observed in animal studies. Two generation study, oral, (mouse, Male/Female) NOAEL (parental): 720 mg/kg, NOAEL (F1): < 720 mg/kg,

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

Rat, female, inhalation, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 0.97 mg/kg, NOAEL (maternal): 0.24 mg/kg,

Teratogenic effects seen only with maternal toxicity.

rabbit, female, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 0.97 mg/kg, NOAEL (maternal): 0.48 mg/kg, Rat, Female, dermal, gestation, daily, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 5,400 mg/kg, NOAEL (maternal): < 1,800 mg/kg,

Toxicity Data for Tertiary Amine Acute oral toxicity LD50: 1,340 mg/kg (rat)

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: 3,570 mg/kg (rabbit)

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Skin irritation rabbit, Corrosive

Eye irritation rabbit, severe irritant

Toxicity Data for Tertiary Amine Acute oral toxicity 1,900 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity 569 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin irritation Severely irritating

Eye irritation Severely irritating

12. Ecological information

Ecological Data for Hydrofluorocarbon

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish LC50: > 81.8 mg/l (Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri), 48 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: > 97.9 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 96 h)

Ecological Data for Glycol

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

5 Days, 4 % 20 Days, 53 %

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: > 10,000 mg/l (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 48 h) LC0: > 1,000 mg/l (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: > 10,000 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

NOEC: 100 mg/l, End Point: growth (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 7 d)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

> 10,000 mg/l, (Other bacteria)

Ecological Data for Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate

Biodegradation Aerobic, 0 %, Exposure time: 28 Days, Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation

Cyprinus carpio (Carp), Exposure time: 42 Days, ca. 0.8 - 2.8 BCF

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish LC50: ca. 84 mg/l (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h)

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LC50: 51 mg/l (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h) LC50: 30 mg/l (Guppy (Poecilia reticulata), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: ca. 131 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

EC50: 45 mg/l, End Point: biomass (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 h) EC50: 41 - 55 mg/l, End Point: biomass (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 96 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC50: 295 mg/l, (Photobacterium phosphoreum, 30 min) EC50: 784 mg/l, (Activated sludge microorganisms, 3 h)

Ecological Data for Triethanolamine

Biodegradation Aerobic, 82 %, Exposure time: 8 Days Inherently biodegradable.

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

5 Days, 0.17 mg/l

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

0.5 mg/g

Theoretical Biological Oxygen Demand (ThBOD)

1.61 - 2.04 mg/g

Bioaccumulation

Cyprinus carpio (Carp), Exposure time: 42 Days, < 0.4 BCF

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: > 5,000 mg/l (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h) LC50: 450 mg/l (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: 1,386 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

EC50: 216 - 750 mg/l, End Point: growth (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 h)

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC10: 7,650 mg/l, (Pseudomonas putida, 16 h) EC50: 525 mg/l, (Photobacterium phosphoreum, 30 min)

Ecological Data for Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

Biodegradation

0 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Ecological Data for 2-Butoxyethanol

Biodegradation aerobic, 100 %, Exposure time: 28 Days

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

5 Days, 1,300 mg/g 20 Days, 1,800 mg/g

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) 2,180 mg/g

Theoretical Biological Oxygen Demand (ThBOD) 2,300 mg/g

Bioaccumulation

ca. 2.5 BCF

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: 1,490 mg/l (Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h) 1,250 mg/l (Silverside Minnow (Menidia peninsulae), 96 h) LC50: 2,137 mg/l (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC50: 1,720 - 1,850 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h) LC50: 800 mg/l (Common shrimp (Crangon crangon), 48 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants EC50: > 1,000 mg/l, (Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum), 7 Days)

Toxicity to Microorganisms IC50: > 1,000 mg/l, (Activated sludge microorganisms, 16 h)

Ecological Data for Tertiary Amine

Biodegradation 60 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: 148 mg/l (fish (pisces), 96 h)

Ecological Data for Tertiary Amine

Additional Ecotoxicological Remarks No data available for this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Method

Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

Empty Container Precautions

Recondition or dispose of empty container in accordance with governmental regulations.

14. Transport information

Land transport (DOT)

Proper shipping name:

Hazard Class or Division: UN/NA Number: Packaging group: Hazard Label(s):

Other regulated substances, liquid, n.o.s. (contains Hydrofluorocarbon, trans-Dichloroethylene) 9 NA3082 III Class 9

Material Name	: BAYSEAL	CC X

RSPA/DOT Regulated Components: Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene				
Reportable Quantity:	18155 kg (40025 lb)			
<u>Sea transport (IMDG)</u> Non-Regulated				
<u>Air transport (ICAO/IATA)</u>				
Proper shipping name:	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (contains Hydrofluorocarbon, trans- Dichloroethylene)			
Hazard Class or Division:	9			
UN number:	UN3334			
Packaging group:	III			
Hazard Label(s):	MISCELLANEOUS			
Additional Transportation Information For ground, vessel, rail, when in quantities less than the RQ, this product ships non-regulated.				
15. Regulatory information				
United States Federal Regulations				
OSHA Hazcom Standard Rating:	Hazardous			
US. Toxic Substances Control Act:	Listed on the TSCA Inventory.			

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

Components

Trans-1,2-DichloroethyleneReportable quantity: 1000 lbs2-ButoxyethanolIncluded in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for
further details

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A): <u>Components</u> None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required:

<u>Components</u>

Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene 2-Butoxyethanol

<u>US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes</u> and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261)

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

State Right-To-Know Information

Material Name: BAYSEAL CC X

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the MSDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

Massachusetts, New Sersey of Femisylvania Right to Rhow Substance Lists.			
Weight percent	Components	CAS-No.	
>=1%	Aromatic Polyester Polyol	CAS# is a trade secret	
5 - 10%	Hydrofluorocarbon	460-73-1	
5 - 10%	Glycol	CAS# is a trade secret	
5 - 10%	Tris-(2-chloroisopropyl)-phosphate	13674-84-5	
>=1%	Polyether Polyol	CAS# is a trade secret	
3 - 7%	Triethanolamine	102-71-6	
>=1%	Non-halogenated flame retardant	CAS# is a trade secret	
>=1%	Modifier	CAS# is a trade secret	
1 - 5%	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	
1 - 5%	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	
1 - 5%	Tertiary Amine	CAS# is a trade secret	

Massachusetts, New Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Know Substance Lists:

New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List and/or New Jersey RTK Special Hazardous Substances Lists:

Weight percent	<u>Components</u>	CAS-No.
1 - 5%	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5
1 - 5%	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2

California Prop. 65:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemicals, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other information

NFPA 704M Rating

Health	2
Flammability	1
Reactivity	0
Other	

0=Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme

HMIS Rating

Health	2*
Flammability	1
Physical Hazard	0

0=Minimal 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=Serious 4=Severe

* = Chronic Health Hazard

The method of hazard communication for Bayer MaterialScience LLC is comprised of Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets. HMIS and NFPA ratings are provided by Bayer MaterialScience LLC as a customer service.

Contact person: Telephone: Product Safety Department (412) 777-2835

Material Nam	e: BAYSEA	L CC X

 MSDS Number:
 112000045841

 Version Date:
 10/28/2012

 Report version:
 6.0

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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.